

## Problem Set 2

1. Let  $x$  and  $y$  be elements of order 2 in any group. Prove that if  $t = xy$  then  $tx = xt^{-1}$ .
2. Suppose  $G = \langle a \rangle$ . Show  $G = \langle a^{-1} \rangle$ .
3. Find all generators of  $Z_6$  and  $Z_8$ .
4. Show in  $G = (Z_n, +)$ , for any  $x \in G$ ,  $|x| = |n - x|$ .
5. Suppose  $G$  a group and  $a \in G$ . Show that if  $a$  has infinite order in  $G$ , then  $a^m \neq a^n$  whenever  $m \neq n$ .
6. Let  $G$  be a group and let  $a \in G$ . Prove that  $C(a) = C(a^{-1})$ .
7. Prove that an abelian group with two elements of order 2 must have a subgroup of order 4.
8. Prove that if  $G$  an Abelian Group with identity  $e$ , then  $H = \{x \mid x \in G \text{ and } x^n = e\} \leq G$   
(Recall, in the special case when  $n = 2$ , we did not require abelian!)
9. Find the center of  $D_4$ , the dihedral group of order 8. Justify your answer.